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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/720,646		11/24/2003	Heini Zollinger	0115-032131	4696
28289	7590 09/02/2005			EXAMINER	
		FIRM, P.C.		PARKER, FREDERICK JOHN	
700 KOPPI	RS BUILI	DING			
436 SEVENTH AVENUE				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
PITTSBURGH, PA 15219				1762	

DATE MAILED: 09/02/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	1						
	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
0.55	10/720,646	ZOLLINGER, HEINI					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
•	Frederick J. Parker	1762					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING [- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1, after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statuful Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA .136(a). In no event, however, may a rep d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH te, cause the application to become ABA	ATION. ly be timely filed IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20.	<i>July 2005</i> .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ Thi	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 11-16,21 and 22 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 11-16,21-22 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or contents.	awn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		. ,					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Apporting documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No eceived in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1)	4) Interview Sun Paper No(s)/N	nmary (PTO-413) Mail Date					
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	_	rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)					

Application/Control Number: 10/720,646

Art Unit: 1762

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Specification

The amendments/ explanations in response to the Objections of the specification of the Previous Office Action are acknowledged and appreciated, and the Examiner withdraws the objections.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The amendments in response to the 35 USC 112 rejections of the Previous Office Action are acknowledged and appreciated, and the Examiner withdraws the rejections.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
 - 1. Claims 11-13,16,21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Portin US 4082888 in view of Bull US 4897302 and further in view of Burley US 6021646.

Portin teaches making durable, cushioned surfaces for sports fields, playgrounds, etc in which a mixture of rubber particles and a latex solution is applied to a base surface. The particles are deformable, resilient rubber with a particle size of between about 0.1-6mm, which encompasses the ranges of claims 12 and 21. The mixture is applied, and smoothed by spreader 27, to form a desired thickness of layer 31 on base 29, and further necessarily causes at least some degree of compaction from the applied pressure. Porosity and texturing by embossing are not disclosed.

Bull teaches on col. 2, 5-25 the use of a porous structure made of a mixture of liquid (polyurethane) polymer and rubber particles (0.5-5 mm), the structure containing porous interstices to provide resiliency, and the advantage of improved grip on athletic surfaces. Texturing by mechanical embossing is not disclosed.

Burley teaches making flooring systems for sports facilities, and includes teaching that top surfaces may be provided with a textured finish using a heated roller or texture wheel embossing means, without limitation on the regularity of textures formed. The texturizing is stated to enhance traction of persons walking or running on the surfaces.

All three references deal with the same subject matter: forming surfaces for sporting or related use with stated improvements as motivation to make the modifications. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the method of Portin by substituting the porous formulation of Bull for that of Portin, and further mechanically texturizing the resultant surface as taught by Burley et al to provide the recognized improvements of enhanced resiliency and grip/ traction of persons walking or running on the surfaces.

2. Claims 14,15,22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Portin US 4082888 in view of Bull US 4897302 and further in view of Burley US 6021646 (hereafter "Previous Prior Art") and further in view of Slosberg et al US 3267187.

The Previous Prior Art is cited for the same reasons previously discussed, which are incorporated herein.

Slosberg et al also teaches applying rubber granules in a thermoplastic matrix, which may be subsequently calendared (suggesting the use of heated or ambient rollers), embossing, hot pressing, etc which are obvious alternative means to the texturizing means of Burley to provide surface texture.

Heated screed and rollers for compacting and texturizing are not explicitly cited. However, it is the Examiner's position that since Portin teaches spreader/smoothing means and Slosberg et la teaches additional heated and unheated texturizing means, it would have been obvious to use other and known, functionally equivalent means such as a heated screed to provide the equivalent outcome, absent a clear and convincing showing to the contrary.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the process of the Previous Prior Art by substituting the texturizing means of Slosberg et al for those of Burley et al because of the expectation of forming a texturized surface with enhanced grip/ traction of persons walking or running on the surface.

Response to Arguments

Applicants arguments have been fully considered but are not persuasive. Applicant review the method and concludes on pages 5-6 the Examiner's rejections would not "produce a porous covering as claimed". The Examiner notes a "porous covering" is NOT required by the claim. The single reference to porous is in the preamble of sole independent claim 11 that does not relate to the method steps which can stand on their own in the context of the claim, hence the preamble is not given patentable weight. Further, no dependant claims require porosity. Even if Applicant's could convince the Examiner otherwise, it is pointed out that (1) the preamble does not require the surface per se to be porous but only the covering itself which may comprise plural layers., and (2) Bull teaches the criticality of forming coverings for the same purpose, comprising a porous layer (abstract, etc) of a matrix polymer with resilient rubber (elastic) particles, with particle sizes of the prior art overlapping those of Applicant's claims.

Applicant argues Burley (introduces to show the importance of texturizing, using a heated roller or wheel embossing means, to enhance surface traction) teaches a preferred sandpaper or pebbled effect. Such textured effects would reasonably be called "uneven" or "irregular" which is required of claims 13 and 16, hence Burley renders those claims obvious.

Applicants argue Slosberg "does not cure the deficiency" of porous matrices. This issue is dealt with above, the responses incorporated herein. Slosberg was never intended to deal with the porosity issue, and Applicants failed to contest the real reasons Slosberg was introduced.

Accordingly, the rejection is propereand the rejection of claims 14,15 and 22 are maintained.

3. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frederick J. Parker whose telephone number is 571/272-1426. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thur. 6:15am -3:45pm, and alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Meeks can be reached on 571/272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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